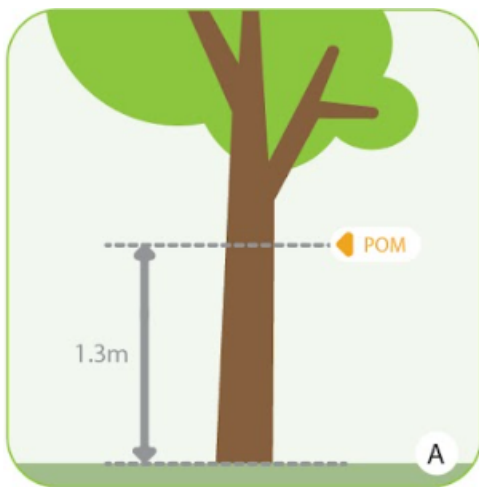


## 量度胸高直徑 ( DBH )

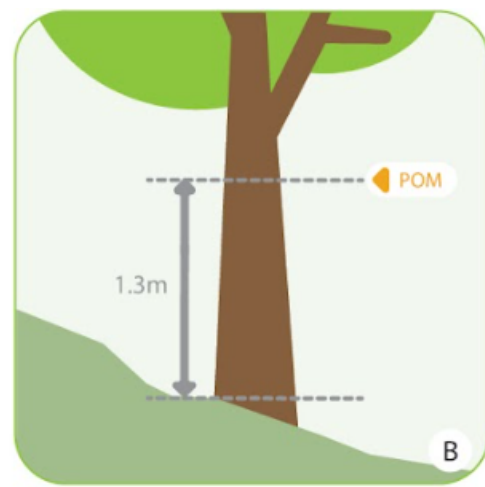
### Diameter at Breast Height (DBH) Measurement

**如何量度：**胸高直徑一般從地面1.3米高的位置（胸高直徑量度點 / POM）使用樹徑尺量度直徑，或使用普通捲尺量度圓周，然後透過MyTree應用程式轉換成直徑。只需記錄胸高直徑等於或大於15厘米的樹幹。

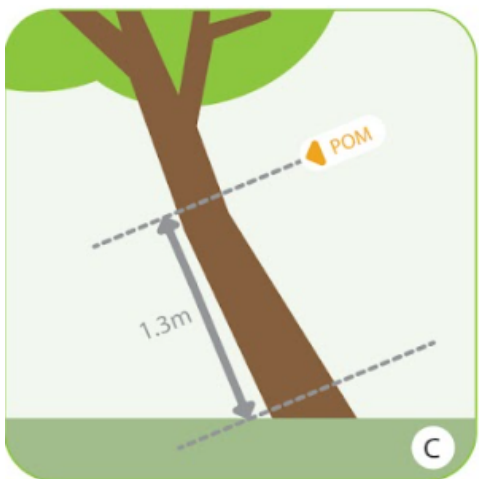
**How to record:** DBH is typically measured at 1.3m above ground (Point of Measurement / POM). Measure the DBH using a DBH tape or measure the circumference using a regular measuring tape, and then convert it into diameter by using the MyTree App. Only record the stems with a DBH equal to or greater than 15cm.



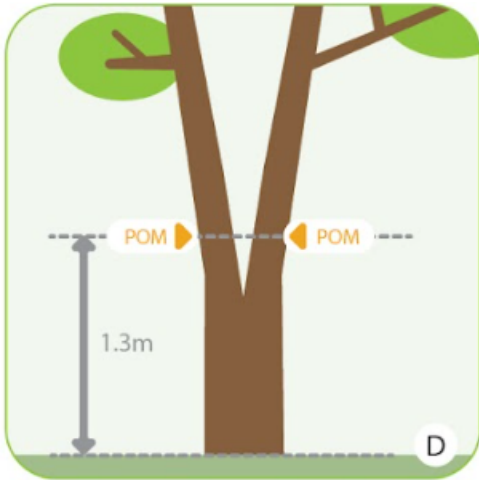
位於平地的樹木 Tree on level ground



斜坡上的樹木 Tree on slope

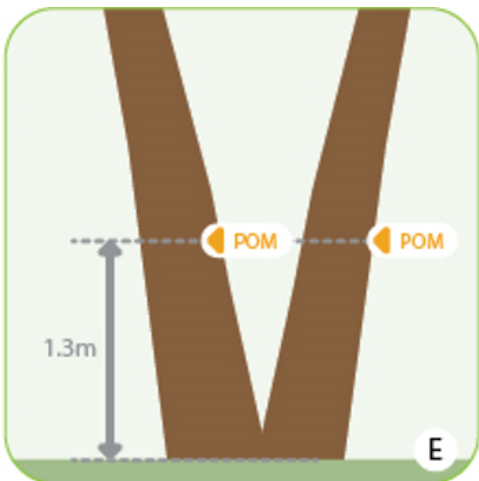


斜生樹木 Leaning Tree



如胸高位置有樹幹分支，需為每根分支量度各自的DBH，並記錄為同一棵樹木。

If there are stems at breast height, the DBH should be measured for each individual stem and recorded as the same tree.

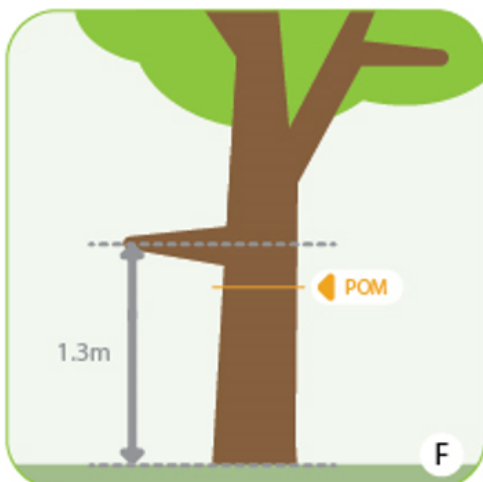


如果有些樹木生長非常接近，甚至可能在地下有共同交叉點。它們會界定為獨立的樹木，需記錄為兩棵樹木。

If there are trees that grow very close to each other or possibly share the same pitch intersection below ground. **They are considered separate trees and should be recorded as two individual trees.**

避免在樹木的不規則位置量度DBH，POM需於這種情況向下移：

**Avoid measuring the DBH at irregular spots on the tree and move down the POM in such cases:**



胸高位置有樹枝、突出形狀或分叉枝的樹木

Tree has branches, bumps or fork at breast height